



The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan in the New Edition and the New Norms Included in it

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Abstract: In our community, in the courtyard of our Constitution If we talk about the experience of the developed countries , their symbols have changed over time in accordance with the needs of the times . New Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan adopted on May 1 , 2023 In this article we will talk about the new Constitution and the new measures included in it.

Keywords: Constitution, purpose of our reforms, New Uzbekistan, President's term of office, mass media, changes in the Senate.

The Constitution is the basic law of each state, defines its political system, the rights and obligations of citizens, and the customs of state administration. The main goal of our constitutional reforms is to ensure human dignity and public welfare Today, nearly all of the world's nations have their own free politics, language, and symbols.

The Republic of Uzbekistan has joined the Constitution in the category of national symbols . Large-scale reforms are being implemented in Uzbekistan to build a free civil society and a human rights-oriented democratic state The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan recognizes that all the results achieved in the country during the 30 years of development since the adoption of the Constitution, in particular, the promotion of human rights and freedoms, the improvement of human dignity, the effective introduction of mechanisms of state administration, the development of civil society, the development of a free market economy, or the implementation of the laws adopted on the basis of the Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan, should be taken into account. The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan , adopted by the parliament of the country on December 8 , 1992 , was adopted on the basis of the demand for reforms in the years of independence . So far , the Constitution has been amended on March 15 since 1992 . The new edition of the document has been accepted due to the large number of changes made during this visit " Yangilanish " resulted in increase in the number of substances in the empty container from 128 to 155 and the number of norms from 275 to 434 In general, according to officials, the constitution has been amended by 65 percent.

The updated Constitution is a very important matter for our university to clarify our next steps as a country, nation and people in the path of building a just society. We believe that this Constitution guarantees the social and economic development of our country and the full protection of the rights and interests of our people, and we must all act in this way. The Constitution of the Republic of Uzbekistan , which will come into force on May 1 , 2023 , will be renewed by 65 percent Several Amendments to the Constitution in Important Areas Uzbekistan is a legal, social and world state All differences are resolved to the benefit of the human being, and the republican form of government is recognized as a sovereign, democratic, legal, social and world state in its constitutional degree. In the first article of our new Constitution it is stated that Uzbekistan is a sovereign, democratic, legal, social and world state that is firmly marked by its historical importance. In cases where the law does not specify the nature of the dispute, the dispute is

resolved for the benefit of the state and not for the benefit of the person. One of the issues that is not mentioned in our Constitution has been raised .

This is the individual eutrophication of the teachers Thus, teachers have become the only professionals who are not lawyers in the legal field, but who work independently in the legal field. To protect the dignity and dignity of the state teachers and to take care of their social and material well-being and professional development The President ' s mandate has been extended for a period of 7 years . In accordance with the new Constitution of Uzbekistan , the term of office of the President has been extended from 5 years to 7 years The status of the President's " state duty " has been preserved The same person cannot be president for more than two terms, the oath of the president and other norms of seniority attributed to the president are supported without change Senators

It is estimated that 65 out of 100 people will be affected by this change . 6 people are elected from 14 regions, 4 people are elected as senators The number of senators appointed by the President will be reduced from 16 to 9 This change is scheduled to come into force at the time of the next parliamentary elections in 2024 . It reads: " The mass media shall be free and lawful . They are responsible for the accuracy of the news in the established order . The sensor cannot be enabled According to the new constitution, this chapter will consist of two articles: The mass media shall be free and operate in accordance with the law. The state guarantees the freedom of activity of mass media and the exercise of their rights to seek, receive, use and disseminate information.

The mass media are responsible for the reliability of the information they present Cannot activate the sensor Interference or interference with the activity of mass media is punishable by law The content of all the changes that have been added to the constitution, in addition to those in the constitution, consists of creating suitable conditions for a prosperous life of our people These reforms are very important because they are aimed at improving the spirituality of the people, improving their internal capabilities, reducing their status as a person, enhancing their dignity and respect. Millions of our compatriots participated actively and deservedly in the universal tribunals held in the period from the adoption of our Constitution to the adoption of the draft From this point of view, the authors of the revised Constitution were our people, and we all have the right to say that. The most important thing is that we will never go back from our reforms, we will only look ahead on the basis of a new system called* peoples - societe- state *

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